

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sustainability>

Common principles

Despite differences, a number of common principles are embedded in most charters or action programmes to achieve sustainable development, sustainability or sustainable prosperity.

These include (Hargroves & Smith 2005, see bibliography) :

- 1: **Engage**
transparently and systemically with risk, uncertainty and irreversibility.
- 2: **Ensure**
appropriate valuation, appreciation and restoration of nature.
- 3: **Integrate**
environmental, social, human and economic goals in policies and activities.
- 4: **Support**
equal opportunity and community participation.
- 5: **Conserve**
biodiversity and ecological integrity.
- 6: **Confirm**
inter-generational equity.
- 7: **Recognize**
the global integration of localities.
- 8: **Make**
a commitment to best practice.
- 9: **Guarantee**
no net loss of human capital or natural capital.
- 10: **Endorse**
the principle of continuous improvement.
- 11: **Demonstrate**
the need for good governance.

Decade of Education for Sustainable Development

The United Nations has declared a Decade of Education for Sustainable Development starting in January of 2005. A non-partisan multi-sector response to the decade has formed within the U.S. via the U.S. Partnership for the Decade of Education for Sustainable Development.[8] Active sectors teams have formed for youth, higher education, business, religion, the arts, and more. Organizations and individuals can join in sharing resources and success stories, and creating

a sustainable future.